

A Pilot of the MA Department of Transitional Assistance

W. MA SNAP Coalition Meeting

December 4, 2012

Frank Martinez Nocito

Fresh. Canned. Dried. Frozen.

It's R(P to be healthy!





What is HIP?

- HIP households receive an incentive of additional SNAP dollars (30 cents on the dollar on eligible purchases) when they use their SNAP benefit to buy HIP target fruits and vegetables
 - Shop at participating HIP food retailers
 - Substantial cash register system changes to calculate, apply and display incentive
 - Incentive benefit available immediately for any future SNAP purchase
 - Incentive cap of \$60 per month per household





Timeline

August 17, 2010
Award announced

September 2010 – October 2011
Planning, testing and training of pilot systems

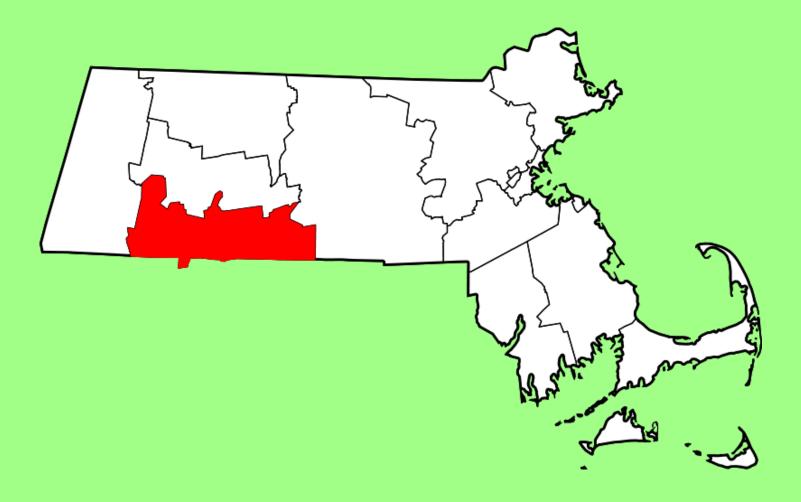
November 2011 – December 2012
Operation phase of pilot (14 months)

(Each household receives incentive for a 12 month period)

January 2013 – June 2013 HIP operations close out, final evaluation, reporting



Hampden County: HIP Pilot Site







HIP Stakeholders

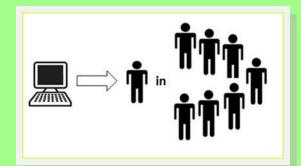
- DTA
- FNS
- Xerox
- Novo Dia Group
- Abt Associates
- Third Party Providers
- Software Providers
- Retailers
- Farmers Markets
- Community Partners
- Vendors





HIP Participant Selection

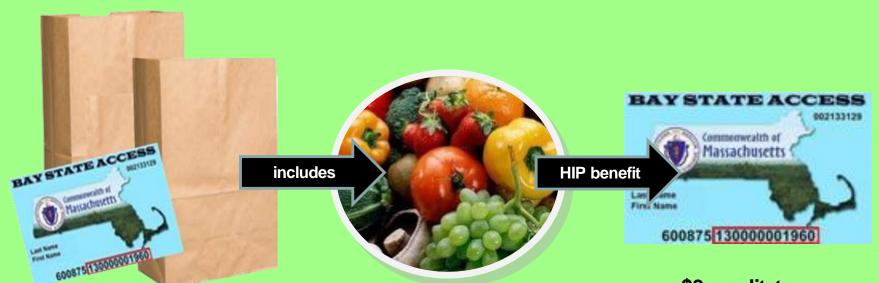
7,500 SNAP households from Hampden County were randomly selected



- Of these, 1,500 selected to serve as the experimental group to study the impact of the incentive
- An additional 1,500 households not participating in HIP selected to serve as the control group to study the impact of not receiving the incentive
- □ Staggered start with 2,500 each month:
 - November 2011
 - December 2011
 - January 2012
- Once HIP, always HIP



How does HIP work?



\$40 spent on food with your SNAP EBT card

\$10 spent on HIP target fruits and vegetables \$3 credit to your EBT card for future SNAP purchases



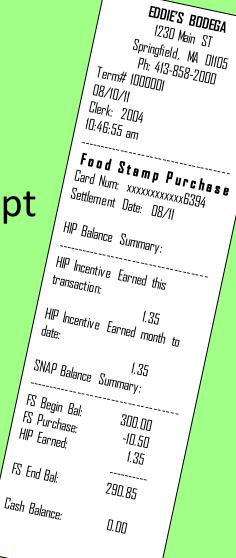


How does HIP work?

HIP retailers list

Store checkout

Reading the receipt







HIP Target Foods

- HIP eligible foods are healthy fruits and vegetables
- Consistent with nationally federal regulations for the WIC Fruit and Vegetable Voucher
- Can be fresh, canned, dried or frozen
- With no added sugars, salt, fats or oils, with some exceptions



HIP Community Partners

Involvement of 75 HIP Community Partners

- Provided referrals— information about HIP and partner retailers to selected participants
- Identified, recruited and sustained retailers
- Hosted information sessions for HIP participants and partners
- Reviewed HIP training materials and inserts
- Provided interpreter and translation support
- Served on HIP Steering Committee
- Participated in focus groups
- Informed SNAP policy and practice





HIP Food Retailers

- All SNAP retailers in Hampden County were invited to participate
- DTA promotes participating retailers to HIP clients and community partners
- Significant support provided by DTA and Xerox: regular calls, in-person training for staff, site visits, HIP call-line
- MOUs between DTA, Xerox and each IECR retailer
- HIP grant pays for the costs of system changes



HIP Food Retailers

- DTA worked with Xerox (state EBT vendor), TPPs, and retailers to make all necessary modifications to existing EBT and POS systems and processes
 - IECR systems that include scanners and point-of-sale (POS) interfaces were reprogrammed to identify HIP target foods, calculate and transmit the value and print resulting incentive values on receipts.
 - Stand-alone (side-by-side) POS terminals and voucher systems were created to manually enter a separate subtotal of HIP target foods— based on visual HIP identification.
 - Incentive amount and accumulated monthly value of incentives is displayed on the cash register receipts.
 - Incentive benefit available to participant immediately for future SNAP purchases.





HIP Retailers: Final Count

□ Total of 118 HIP retailers in/out Hampden

County

102 retailers

12 farmers markets

3 farm stands

1 mobile market





HIP Retailer Partners

- Hampden County authorized SNAP retailers = 505*
 - \$15.5m in SNAP benefits redeemed monthly
 - Top four redeemers are chain retailers
 - 3 of these chains are participating in HIP
- Participating HIP retailers = 118
 - Account for 23% of the total Hampden County SNAP retailers and 62% of the total SNAP redemption
 - 9 HIP IECRs (chain retailers) represent
 - 56% of the total HC SNAP redemption
 - 95% of the total HIP retailer's SNAP redemption
 - 6 of the top 10 Hampden County SNAP redeemers participating in HIP

^{*}Based on August 2012 retailer data.

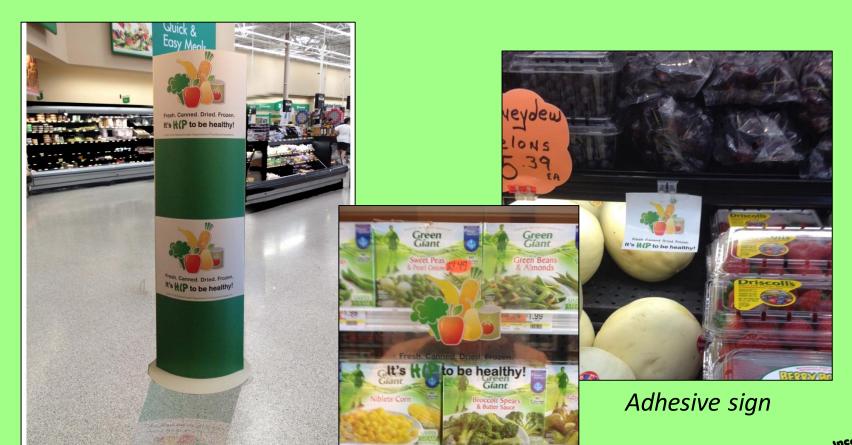


HIP Retailer Signage

- Developed with retailer partners
- Increase HIP visibility at retailer locations
- Raise awareness for HIP clients
- Six styles of retailer signs
 - Door decals: 4" x 5"
 - Freezer decal: 4" x 5"
 - Shelf strip: 1 ¼" x 2"
 - Adhesive sign: 3" x 4"
 - Standee: 22" x 66"; logo area—15.8" x 15.8
 - Produce stickers: ¾" round
- Posted until December 31, 2012



HIP Retailers Signage: Examples



Walmart HIP standee

Freezer decal





- Partnership between with MA Dept. of Agricultural Resources, Community Involved in Sustaining Agriculture, Mass Farmers Markets
- 3 models will test HIP and SNAP
 - HIP tokens
 - eHIP
 - Mobile Market+
- □ Launched on June 1st
 - 12 Farmers Markets
 - 3 Farm Stands
 - 1 Mobile Market
- Market staff training and support
- Wireless verses EBT only POS terminals
- Evaluation





HIP tokens

- Builds on existing token system at markets
- SNAP/HIP transactions processed through the EBT-only POS machine to Xerox
- SNAP clients purchase tokens with EBT card at centralized cashier/Market
 Manager
- HIP and SNAP tokens distributed in prescribed denominations (\$1.00 or \$2.50) according to client's request
- Farmers paid via manual receipt



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e-HIP

- Transactions (SNAP/HIP) are processed to Xerox through EBT only POS machine
- SNAP clients purchase electronic credits with their EBT card at centralized cashier/market manger
- e-HIP manager loads credits onto local web service (via a laptop). Info accessible to all SNAP vendors, each with a WiFi enabled iPod
- Clients make purchases at any SNAP/HIP vendor. EBT card swiped as an identifier
- Client lets vendor know from what funding stream (SNAP, HIP, cash EBT).
 Product type & purchase amount is entered, approved or denied, and transaction is completed
- Farmers paid by manger from electronic record



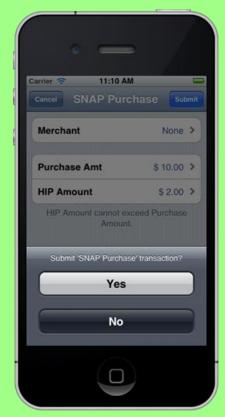






■ Mobile Market+

- SNAP/HIP Transactions are processed directly to Xerox through a wireless iPod device, acting as POS
- Client approaches vendor to make a purchase
- Client identifies type of transaction
- Vendor swipes EBT card and makes a transaction like a POS machine





Farmers paid by manager via electronic record



Evaluation Objectives

- Estimate the impact of HIP on individual food consumption
- Determine the factors that influence how HIP impacts participants
- Describe the implementation and operation of HIP
- Examine the effects of HIP on the grantee and its partners
- Estimate the costs associated with HIP, including a projection of what it would cost to implement HIP nationwide



Data Collection Activities

- Participant data
 - Surveys
 - 24-hour dietary recalls
 - Focus groups
- Stakeholder data
 - Retailer surveys/observations
 - Interview with State and local SNAP officials, State and local partners, EBT vendors and 3rd party processors
- Administrative data
 - SNAP case file data
 - EBT data
 - State cost reports





HIP Participation Strategies

- HIP Clients- Notifications
 - Notice #5: HIP brochure #2, Farmers Market insert, Retailer list
 - Notice #6: Customized mailing, Community
 Partner insert, Recipe cards
 - Notice #7: Updated Retailer list and Farmers
 Market insert
- Retailers- store signage
 - Options
 - August 31, 2012 installation
- Community Partners- insert





HIP Reports Schedule (tentative)

- Implementation Report
 - Late Fall 2012—experiences of the early implementation phase of HIP
- Interim Report
 - Late Spring 2013—addresses the initial findings and overall goals of the evaluation
- Final Report
 - Late Fall 2013—final analyses, addresses
 full evaluation outcomes
- Final Project Report
 - Late Summer 2013—pilot planning, implementation, operations and closeout
- Summary Report
 - Early 2014—major evaluation findings,
 written in non-technical language





Successes & Lessons Learned

- Diversity of partnerships
- Retailer recruitment
- Communications with clients
- Pilot vs. permanent
- Time required and timing
- Systems changes for EBT vendor, retailer complex
- Changing environment





HIP: Summary

Demonstration pilot to test the effects of financial incentive on SNAP recipients' purchase and consumption of fruits and vegetables

Outcomes

- Access to and consumption of healthy foods
- Healthier communities through collaboration and partnerships
- Integration of best practices
- Inform national policy





For More Information

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